PHYSICAL V	/ S.
CHEMICAL	PROPERTIES

Physical Science IF8767

Name	
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A physical property is observed with the senses and can be determined without destroying the object. For example, color, shape, mass, length, density, specific heat and odor are all examples of physical properties.

A chemical property indicates how a substance reacts with something else. When a chemical property is observed, the original substance is changed into a different substance. For example, the ability of iron to rust is a chemical property. The iron has reacted with oxygen and the original iron metal is gone. It is now iron oxide, a new substance. All chemical changes include physical changes.

Classify the following properties as either chemical or physical by putting a check in the appropriate column

app.	ropilare column.	Physical Property	Chemical Property
1	red color		
2.	density		
3.	flammability		
4.	solubility	·	
5.	reacts with acid to form hydrogen		
6.	supports combustion		
7.	bitter taste		
8.	melting point	5	
9.	reacts with water to form a gas		
10.	reacts with a base to form water		
11.	hardness		
12.	boiling point		
13.	can neutralize a base		
14.	luster	·	
15.	odor		
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